Vertebrates

Chordata

- Characteristics:
 - Bilaterally symmetrical
 - 3 germ layers
 - Digestive tract with two openings

Structures:

- Notochord
- Dorsal nerve cord, pharyngeal slits, tail at some stage of life
- Closed circulatory system

Class Agnatha

- Examples: Hagfish, lamprey
- Characteristics:
 - Ectotherm
 - Oldest known vertebrates
 - Cartilaginous skeleton
 - Lack jaws
 - Unpaired fins
 - Can't bite (burrow through body)
- Structures:
 - Elongated, eel-like body
 - Scale-less fish





Class Chondrichthyes

- Cartilaginous fish
- Examples: Shark, ray, skate
- Characteristics:
 - Ectotherm
 - Predatory fish
 - Have jaws
 - Paired fins
 - Skin covered with placoid scales
 - Most live in salt water
 - Keen vision
- Structures:
 - Sharks have the largest brain of any fish





Class Osteichthyes

- Bony fish
- Examples: Salmon, bass, catfish
- Characteristics:
 - Ectotherm
 - Bony skeleton
 - Have jaws
 - Paired fins
 - Lay large number of eggs
- Structures:
 - Have scales
 - Most have a swim bladder





Class Amphibia

- Examples: Frogs, toads, salamanders
- Characteristics:
 - Ectotherm
 - Name means double life
 - First vertebrates to live on land
 - Moist, thin skin
 - Lay eggs in the water
- Structures:
 - Lacks scales
 - Three-chambered heart
 - No claws





Class Reptilia

- Examples: Dinosaurs, turtles, snakes
- Characteristics:
 - Ectotherm
 - First fully terrestrial vertebrate
 - Evolved from amphibians
 - Thick, dry, scaly skin that prevents water loss
- Structures:
 - Three-chambered heart (except crocodiles)
 - Scales made of keratin
 - Amniotic egg (prevent water loss since young born on land)

Reptilia









Class Aves

Examples: Birds

Characteristics:

- Endotherm
- Can fly (feathers, hollow bones, wings)
- Respiratory system (lungs with air sacs)
- Evolved from dinosaurs
- Structures:
 - Beaks, no teeth
 - Four-chambered heart
 - 2 part stomach





Class Mammalia

- Examples: Mammals (Humans, cats, horses, dogs, manatees)
- Characteristics:
 - Endotherm
 - Have hair and mammary glands (produce milk)
 - Single jawbone and specialized teeth
- Structures:
 - Four chambered heart



